SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name or designation

Proteomic Stabilizer PROT1

of the mixture

Registration number

Synonyms None.

Product number PROT1, PROT1-250ML, PROT1-1L, MTS1P-100/CS

30-April-2020 Issue date

Version number 01 **Revision date** Supersedes date

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Research use only.

Identified uses Stabilization of whole blood samples.

Uses advised against 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet Smart Tube, Inc. Company name

Address 6658 W. Sunset Road Suite 100

Las Vegas, NV 89118

USA

www.smarttubeinc.com Website For product information +1 855 397 8467

call

CHEMTREC: 32-28083237 1.4. For emergencies only

call

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The mixture has been assessed and/or tested for its physical, health and environmental hazards and the following classification applies.

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 as amended

Health hazards

H331 - Toxic if inhaled. Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3 Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 H315 - Causes skin irritation. H319 - Causes serious eve Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

irritation.

Skin sensitisation Category 1 H317 - May cause an allergic skin

reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 2 H341 - Suspected of causing

genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity Category 1B H350 - May cause cancer. Specific target organ toxicity - single Category 3 respiratory tract irritation H335 - May cause respiratory

exposure

irritation.

Toxic if inhaled. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin **Hazard summary**

reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects. May cause cancer. May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Occupational exposure to the

substance or mixture may cause adverse health effects.

2.2. Label elements

Label according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 as amended

Contains: Formaldehyde

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements

H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.
H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P261 Avoid breathing mist/vapours.

Response

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P311 Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor.

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal Not assigned.

Supplemental label information Restricted to professional users.

2.3. Other hazards This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

General information

| Chemical name | % | CAS-No. / EC No. | REACH Registration No. | Index No. | Notes |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------|-------|
| Diethylene glycol | 3 - 7 | 111-46-6 203-872-2 | 01-2119457857-21-xxxx | 603-140-00-6 | |
| Classification: | Acute Tox. 4;H302, ST | OT RE 2;H373 | | | |
| Formaldehyde | 3 - 7 | 50-00-0 200-001-8 | 01-2120762098-48-xxxx | 605-001-00-5 | # |
| Classification: | | | e Tox. 3;H311, Skin Corr. 1E 2;H330, STOT SE 3;H335 | | B,D |

List of abbreviations and symbols that may be used above

Note B: Some substances (acids, bases, etc.) are placed on the market in aqueous solutions at various concentrations and, therefore, these solutions require different classification and labelling since the hazards vary at different concentrations. In Part 3 entries with Note B have a general designation of the following type: "nitric acid ...%". In this case the supplier must state the percentage concentration of the solution on the label. Unless otherwise stated, it is assumed that the percentage concentration is calculated on a weight/weight basis.

Note D: Certain substances which are susceptible to spontaneous polymerisation or decomposition are generally placed on the market in a stabilised form. It is in this form that they are listed in Part 3. However, such substances are sometimes placed on the market in a non-stabilised form. In this case, the supplier must state on the label the name of the substance followed by the words "non-stabilised".

Composition comments The full text for all H-statements is displayed in section 16.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless otherwise indicated.

Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

General information IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice

(show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or

artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other

proper respiratory medical device. Call a poison center or doctor/physician.

Skin contactRemove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

General fire hazards No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing media

No restrictions known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Use fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Special fire fighting procedures

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methodsUse standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

For emergency responders

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

This product is miscible in water.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see section 10 of the SDS).

7.3. Specific end use(s) Stabilization of whole blood samples.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

| Components | Type | Value | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) | STEL | 0,38 mg/m3 | |
| | | 0,3 ppm | |
| EU. OELs, Directive 2004/37/E0 | C on carcinogen and mutagens | from Annex III, Part A | |
| Components | Туре | Value | |
| Formaldehyde (CAS | TWA | 0,37 mg/m3 | |

Biological limit values

50-00-0)

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Recommended monitoring

procedures

Follow standard monitoring procedures.

1 mg/l

20,9 mg/kg

2,09 mg/kg 1,53 mg/kg

199,5 mg/l

Derived no effect levels (DNELs)

General Population

| Components | Value | Assessment factor | Notes |
|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Diethylene glycol (CAS 111-46-6) | | | |
| Long-term, Systemic, Dermal Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation | 21 mg/kg bw/day 12 mg/m3 | 210 | Repeated dose toxicity respiratory tract irritation |
| <u>Workers</u> | | | |
| Components | Value | Assessment factor | Notes |
| Diethylene glycol (CAS 111-46-6) | | | |
| Long-term, Systemic, Dermal Long-term, Systemic, Inhalation | 43 mg/kg bw/day 44 mg/m3 | 105 | Repeated dose toxicity respiratory tract irritation |
| edicted no effect concentrations (PNECs) | | | |
| Components | Value | Assessment factor | Notes |
| Diethylene glycol (CAS 111-46-6) | | | |
| Freshwater | 10 mg/l | 10 | |

Soil STP

Marine water

Sediment (freshwater) Sediment (marine water)

8.2. Exposure controls Appropriate engineering

controls

Pre

Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

100

10

0,3 ppm

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

General information Use personal protective equipment as required. Personal protection equipment should be chosen

according to the CEN standards and in discussion with the supplier of the personal protective

equipment.

Eye/face protection When working with liquids wear splash-proof chemical goggles and face shield unless full

facepiece respiratory protection is worn. Eye protection should meet standard EN 166.

Skin protection

- Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Nitrile or neoprene gloves are recommended. (EN

374)

- material thickness: 3.9 mm - break through time: 120 min

Other suitable gloves can be recommended by the glove supplier.

- Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. (EN 14605). Use of an impervious apron is

recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece. Use filter type B/P3A2 according to EN 14387. Check with respiratory

protective equipment suppliers.

Thermal hazards No protection is ordinarily required under normal conditions of use.

Hygiene measures Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene

measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply

with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. Fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment may be necessary to reduce emissions to

acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.
Colour Colourless.

Odour Formaldehyde.
Odour threshold Not available.

pH 7,8

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling 100 °C (212 °F)

range

Flash point Does not flash.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

Not applicable.

(%)

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Not applicable.

Vapour pressureNot available.Vapour densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.Solubility(ies)Miscible in water.Partition coefficientNot available.

(n-octanol/water)

Not available

Auto-ignition temperatureNot available.Decomposition temperatureNot available.Viscosity1 cP (25 °C (77 °F))

Explosive properties Not explosive. **Oxidising properties** Not oxidising.

9.2. Other information No relevant additional information available.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stabilityMaterial is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid Contact with incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents.

10.6. Hazardous No hazardous decomposition products are known.

decomposition products

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

General information Occupational exposure to the substance or mixture may cause adverse effects.

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Toxic if inhaled.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause discomfort if swallowed. Ingestion

Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include **Symptoms**

stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause

an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Toxic if inhaled. **Acute toxicity**

Components **Species Test Results**

Diethylene glycol (CAS 111-46-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit 11890 mg/kg

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Acute Inhalation

Vapour

LC50 Rat < 0,58 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 460 mg/kg

Other

LD50 Rabbit 270 mg/kg

Causes skin irritation. Skin corrosion/irritation

Serious eye damage/eye

Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Respiratory sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Skin sensitisation Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity May cause cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

Reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Not an aspiration hazard. **Aspiration hazard** Mixture versus substance

information

The product is a mixture.

Other information Symptoms may be delayed.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met for hazardous to the aquatic

environment.

Components **Test Results Species**

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Aquatic

Algae EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 3,48 mg/l, 72 hours Crustacea LC50 Daphnia pulex 5,8 mg/l, 48 hours Fish LC50 Morone saxatilis 6,7 mg/l, 96 hours

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)

> 0,35 Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Not available. **Bioconcentration factor (BCF)**

12.4. Mobility in soil This product is miscible in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This mixture does not contain substances assessed to be vPvB / PBT according to Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006, Annex XIII.

12.6. Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Residual waste Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some

product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

EU waste code

The Waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Disposal methods/information Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Special precautions Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Not established.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

RID

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADN

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

14.1. - 14.6.: Not regulated as dangerous goods.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC

Code

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU regulations

Regulation (EC) No. 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer, Annex I and II, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 850/2004 On persistent organic pollutants, Annex I as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 1 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 2 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex I, Part 3 as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EU) No. 649/2012 concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals, Annex V as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 166/2006 Annex II Pollutant Release and Transfer Registry, as amended

Not listed.

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Article 59(10) Candidate List as currently published by ECHA

Not listed.

Authorisations

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XIV Substances subject to authorisation, as amended

Not listed.

Restrictions on use

Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, REACH Annex XVII Substances subject to restriction on marketing and use as amended Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Directive 2004/37/EC: on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at work, as amended.

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

Other EU regulations

Directive 2012/18/EU on major accident hazards involving dangerous substances, as amended

Formaldehyde (CAS 50-00-0)

The product is classified and labelled in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP Other regulations

Regulation) as amended. This Safety Data Sheet complies with the requirements of Regulation

(EC) No 1907/2006, as amended.

National regulations According to Directive 92/85/EEC as amended, pregnant women should not work with the product,

if there is the least risk of exposure.

Young people under 18 years old are not allowed to work with this product according to EU Directive 94/33/EC on the protection of young people at work, as amended. Follow national regulation on the protection of workers from the risks of exposure to carcinogens and mutagens at

work, in accordance with Directive 2004/37/EC, as amended.

15.2. Chemical safety

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

List of abbreviations

ADN: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland

Waterways.

ADR: European Agreement Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

EC50: Effective Concentration, 50%.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk.

IMDG Code: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code.

LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%.

LD50: Lethal Dose, 50%.

MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships.

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic.

RID: Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.

vPvB: very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative.

References ACGIH Documentation of the Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices

EPA: AQUIRE database

HSDB® - Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

NLM: Hazardous Substances Data Base

National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Information on evaluation method leading to the classification of mixture

The classification for health and environmental hazards is derived by a combination of calculation methods and test data, if available,

Full text of any H-statements not written out in full under Sections 2 to 15

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H301 Toxic if swallowed. H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H341 Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by ingestion.

Training information

Follow training instructions when handling this material.

Disclaimer

Smart Tube, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

SDS Belgium Proteomic Stabilizer PROT1